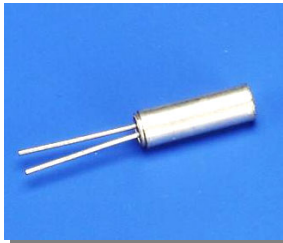


# Evaluation of Subsystem Clock Oscillation Circuit

VT-200 6.0pF with uPD70F3738GC-32BT [LQFP(14x14) 0.50mm pitch]

Measurement conditions : 3.3V

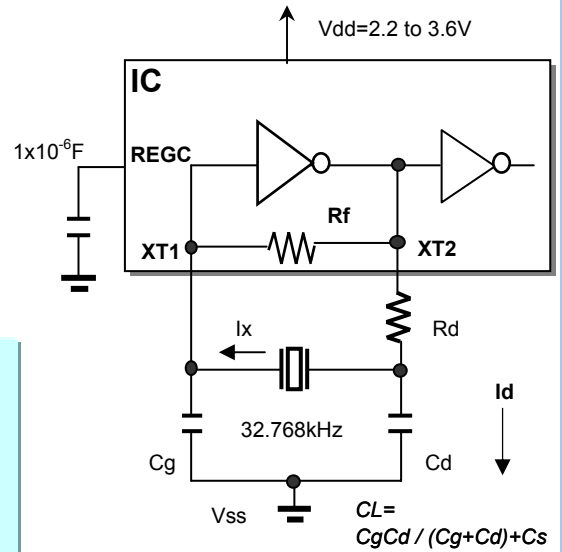
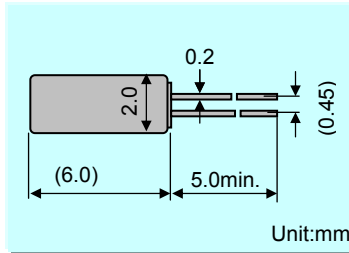


Model :VT-200  
 Frequency :Fo=32.768kHz  
 Frequency tolerance :dF/Fo= +/-20x10<sup>-6</sup>  
 Load capacitance :CL=6.0pF  
 Equivalent series resistance :R1=50kohm max  
 Max. drive level :DL=1x10<sup>-6</sup>W max  
 Level of drive :DL=0.1x10<sup>-6</sup>W typ

### FEATURES

- 1.Compact tubular package
- 2.Photolithographic process
- 3.Excellent shock resistance and environmental characteristics.
- 4.Real time clocks, Timers, Portable applications

### DIMENSIONS(VT-200)



Remark) Ix : current through crystal

MODEL:VT-200 6.0pF with uPD70F3738GC at 25°C

| Key specifications                        | Low(*1) | Normal(*2) | Remarks                                   |
|-------------------------------------------|---------|------------|-------------------------------------------|
| Current control resistance : Rd ( k ohm ) | 0       | 0          | Control drive level & secure phase margin |
| Capacitance at gate : Cg ( pF )           | 6       | 6          | Optimal capacitance in response to CL     |
| Capacitance at drain : Cd ( pF )          | 6       | 6          | ( CL = Cd // Cg + stray capacitance )     |

| Circuit characteristics ( at 25°C )                   | Low(*1) | Normal(*2) | Remarks                                                                         |
|-------------------------------------------------------|---------|------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Matching Accuracy : df / f ( x10 <sup>-6</sup> )      | -0.7    | 5.3        | Frequency offset volume at specified Vdd                                        |
| Voltage Fluctuation : +/-df / V ( x10 <sup>-6</sup> ) | 0.0     | 0.0        | Vdd +/-10% ( Standard operating voltage range )                                 |
| Drive Level : DL ( x10 <sup>-6</sup> W )              | 0.02    | 0.02       | DL=Ix <sup>2</sup> Re < 1x10 <sup>-6</sup> W, Re=R1( 1 + Co / CL ) <sup>2</sup> |
| Negative resistance :   - RL   ( kohm )               | 597     | 857        | 5 times larger than R1MAX                                                       |
| Oscillation allowance : M ( times )                   | 12      | 17         | Judgemental standard of oscillation stability                                   |
| consumption current : Id (nA)                         | 646     | 822        | Cd charge current, Id = ωCd*Vd                                                  |
| Voltage of oscillation start : Vstart ( V )           | 1.04    | 1.04       |                                                                                 |
| Voltage of oscillation stop : Vstop ( V )             | 0.97    | 0.97       |                                                                                 |
| Oscillation start up time : Ts ( sec )                | 0.70    | 0.70       | Time to reach 90% of output level                                               |

| Temperature characteristics of circuit            | Low(*1) | Normal(*2) | Remarks                                                     |
|---------------------------------------------------|---------|------------|-------------------------------------------------------------|
| at -40°C Variation : df / T ( x10 <sup>-6</sup> ) | -141    | -141       | Typ.Tp=25°C ( K = -3.5x10 <sup>-8</sup> / °C <sup>2</sup> ) |
| at +85°C Variation : df / T ( x10 <sup>-6</sup> ) | -124    | -124       | Typ.Tp=25°C ( K = -3.5x10 <sup>-8</sup> / °C <sup>2</sup> ) |

The above mentioned value is only for your reference. The value is for the arbitrary samples and does not guarantee the product's characteristics. Please review and check above parameters at customer's end.

- \*1; low consumption current mode
- \*2; normal current mode

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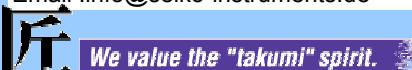
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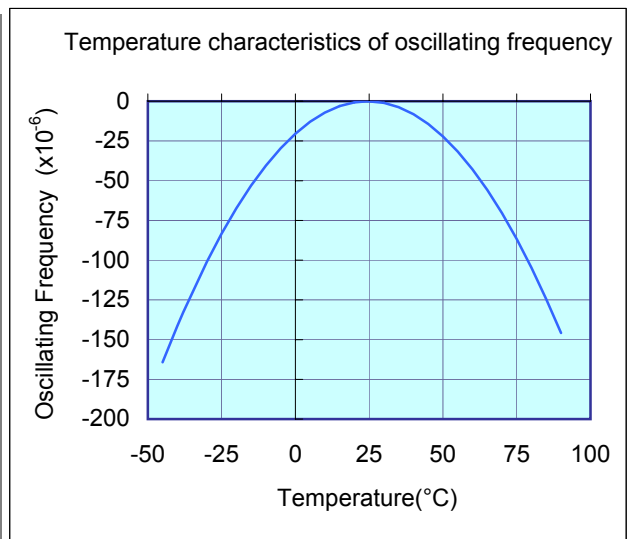
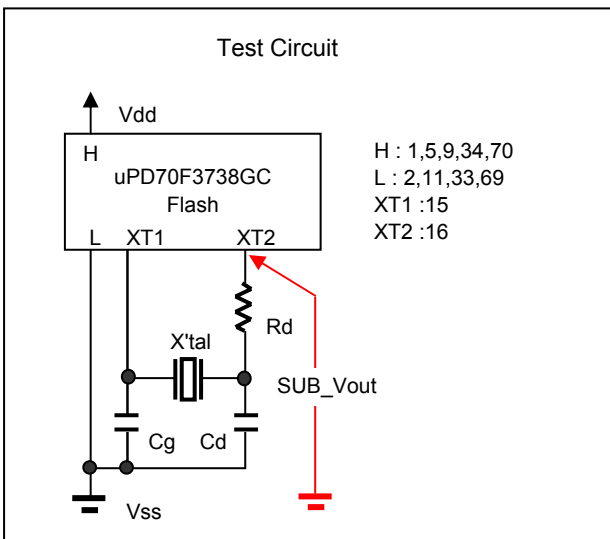
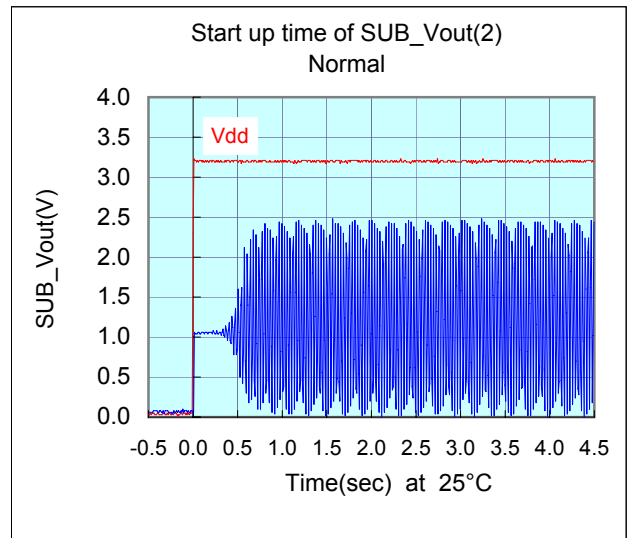
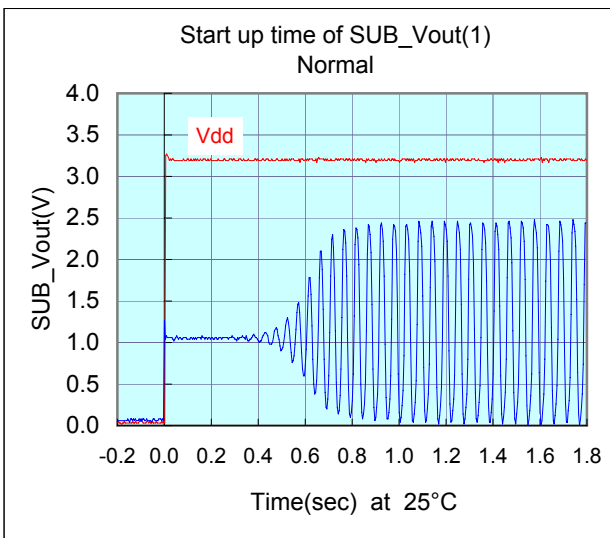
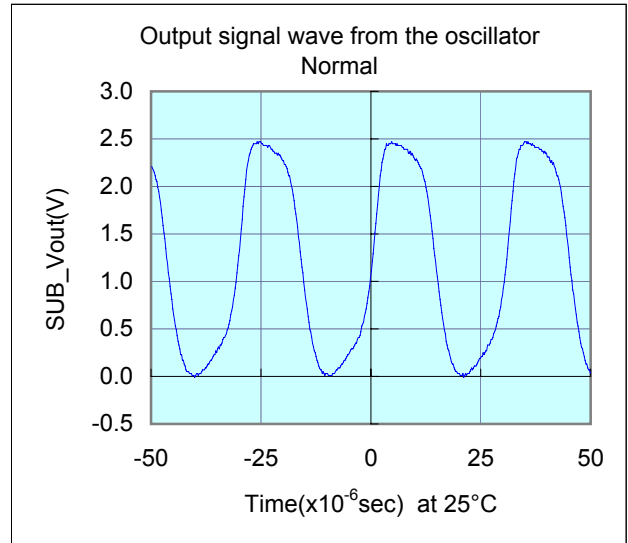
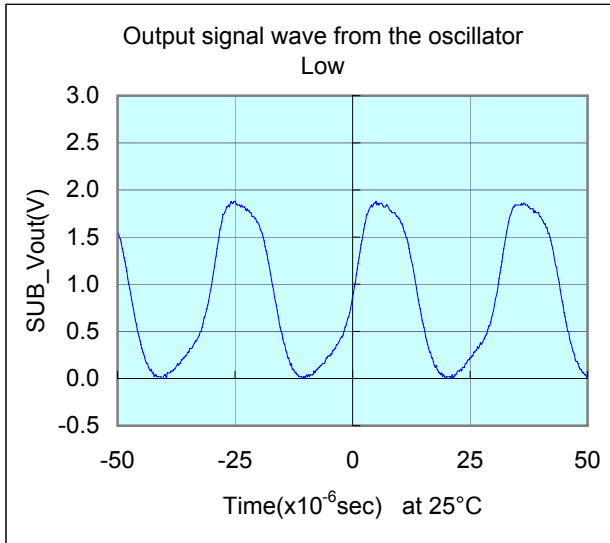
### Seiko Instruments GmbH

Siemensstrasse 9,D-63263 Neu-Isenburg,Germany  
 Telephone :+49-6102-297-0 Facsimile :+49-6102-297-320  
 Email :info@seiko-instruments.de

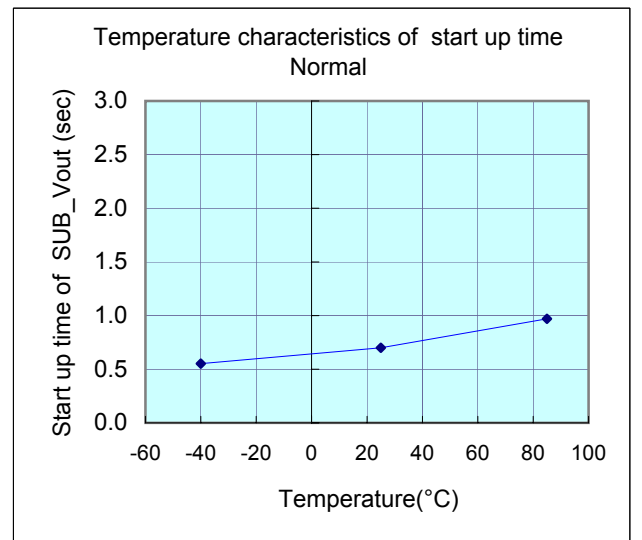
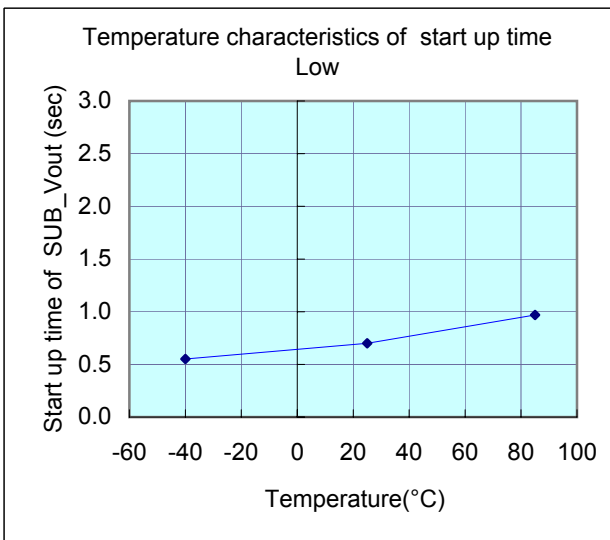
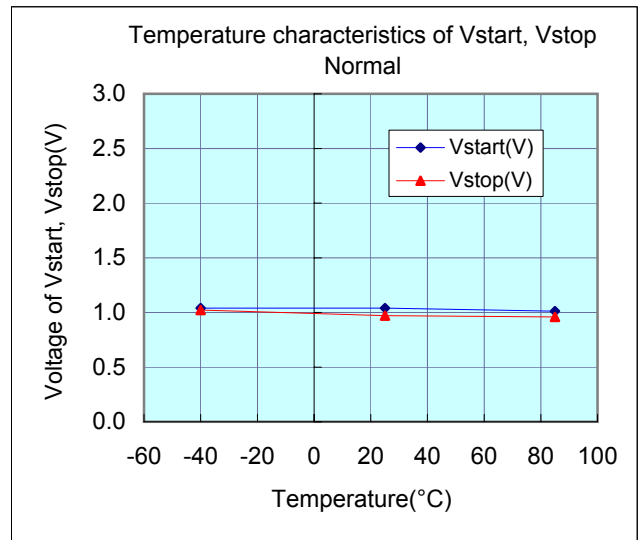
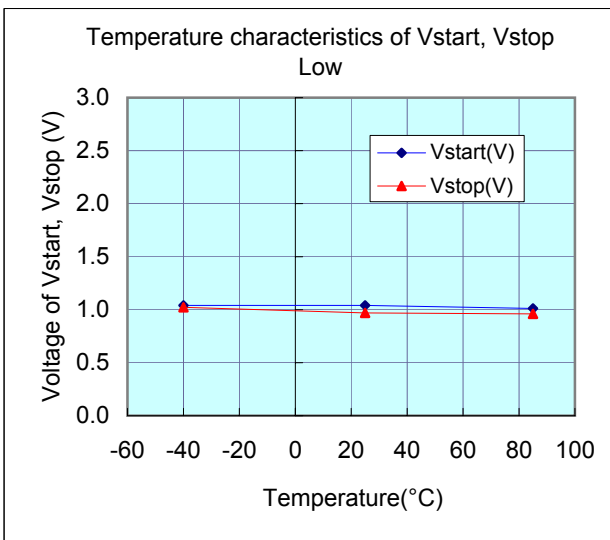
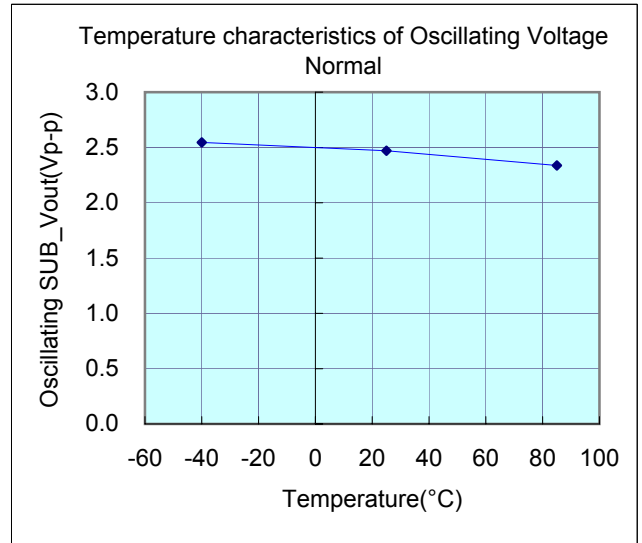
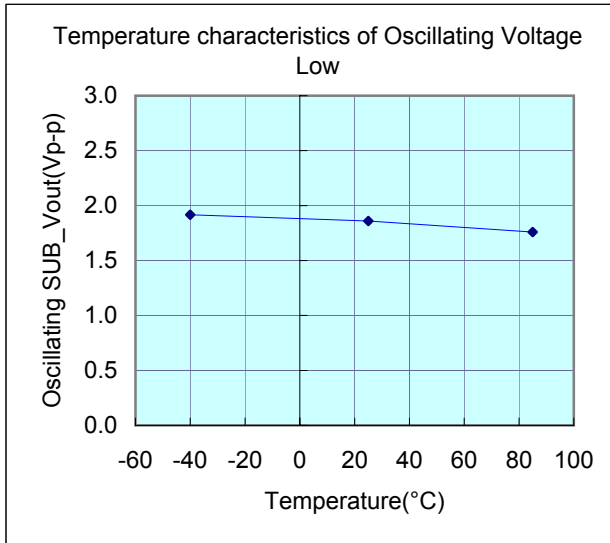


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Test Data



Test Data : Temperature characteristics



Referential components layout(see Figure 1)

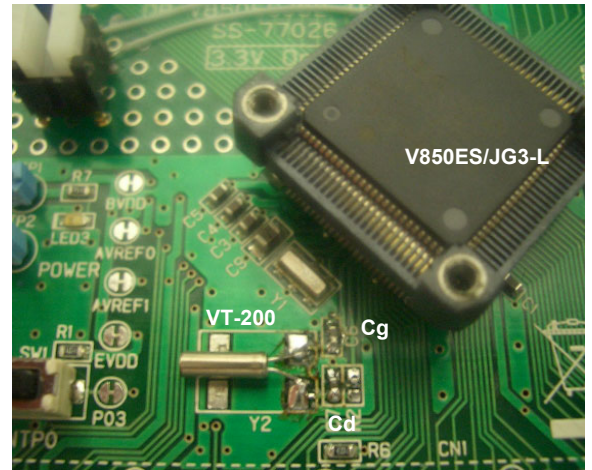
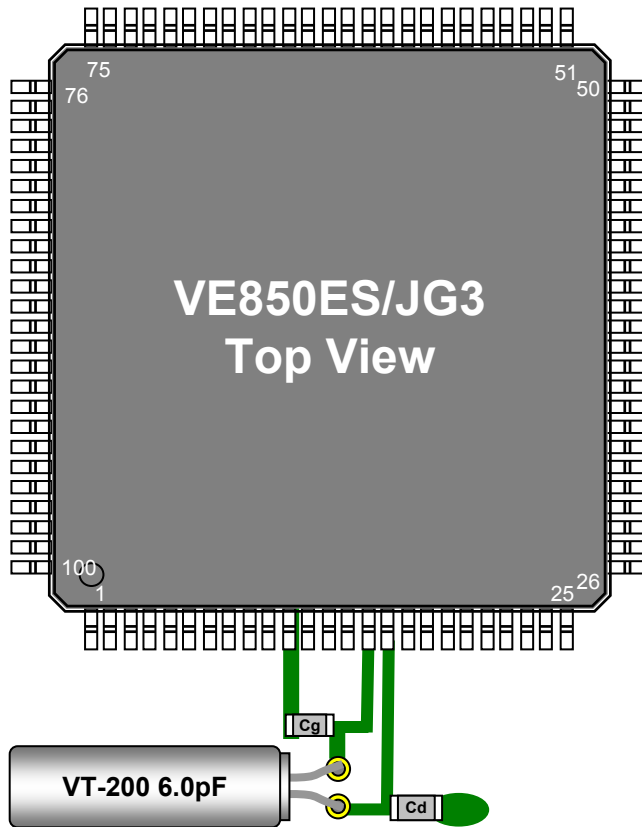


Figure 1 Referential components layout

Notes Board Design

When using a crystal resonator, place the resonator and its load capacitors as close as possible to SUB\_in and SUB\_out pins.

Other signal lines should be routed away from the resonator circuit to prevent induction from interfering with correct oscillation (see figure 2).

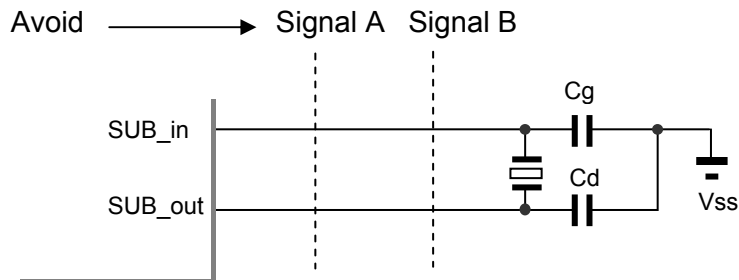


Figure 2 Example of Incorrect Board Design

**Remark** When using the subsystem clock, insert resistors Rd in series on the SUB\_out side.

Evaluation of Subsystem Clock Oscillation Circuit

VT-200 6.0pF with uPD70F3738GC-32BT [LQFP(14x14) 0.50mm pitch]

Measurement conditions : 3.3V



[Evaluation Sample at 25°C]

| SAMPLE          | No. | CL(pF) | Fo(Hz)   | fr(Hz)   | R1(kohm) | Co(pF) | C1(fF) | Q(k) |
|-----------------|-----|--------|----------|----------|----------|--------|--------|------|
| VT-200<br>6.0pF | 1   | 6      | 32768.01 | 32762.79 | 28.0     | 0.90   | 2.199  | 78.9 |
|                 | 2   | 6      | 32767.89 | 32762.71 | 27.6     | 0.90   | 2.182  | 80.7 |
|                 | 3   | 6      | 32768.10 | 32762.84 | 27.1     | 0.90   | 2.216  | 80.9 |

[IC Test Data : IC Sample Rd=0ohm,Cg=6pF,Cd=6pF at 25°C]

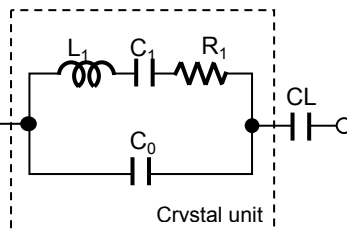
| Mode   | IC Sample | Fosc(Hz) | df / f( x10 <sup>-6</sup> ) | DL(x10 <sup>-6</sup> W) | -RL  ( kohm) | Id (nA) | Vstart( V) | Ts(sec) |
|--------|-----------|----------|-----------------------------|-------------------------|--------------|---------|------------|---------|
| Normal | TYP       | 32768.19 | 5.34                        | 0.02                    | 857          | 822     | 1.04       | 0.70    |
|        | HH        | 32768.11 | 2.96                        | 0.03                    | 787          | 846     | 1.17       | 0.85    |
|        | HL        | 32768.19 | 5.37                        | 0.02                    | 857          | 832     | 0.99       | 0.69    |
|        | LH        | 32768.12 | 3.42                        | 0.02                    | 787          | 840     | 1.16       | 0.76    |
|        | LL        | 32768.21 | 6.23                        | 0.02                    | 947          | 817     | 0.98       | 0.69    |

[IC Test Data : IC Sample Rd=0ohm,Cg=6pF,Cd=6pF at 25°C]

| Mode | IC Sample | Fosc(Hz) | df / f( x10 <sup>-6</sup> ) | DL(x10 <sup>-6</sup> W) | -RL  ( kohm) | Id (nA) | Vstart( V) | Ts(sec) |
|------|-----------|----------|-----------------------------|-------------------------|--------------|---------|------------|---------|
| Low  | TYP       | 32767.99 | -0.67                       | 0.02                    | 597          | 646     | 1.04       | 0.70    |
|      | HH        | 32767.93 | -2.59                       | 0.02                    | 547          | 659     | 1.17       | 0.85    |
|      | HL        | 32767.98 | -0.82                       | 0.02                    | 597          | 650     | 0.99       | 0.69    |
|      | LH        | 32767.93 | -2.32                       | 0.02                    | 547          | 654     | 1.16       | 0.76    |
|      | LL        | 32768.01 | 0.00                        | 0.02                    | 657          | 646     | 0.98       | 0.69    |

Remark ( see figure 3 )

$$F_o = f_r \times \{ C_1 / ( 2 \times ( C_o + C_L ) ) + 1 \} \text{ ( Hz )}$$



- Fo : Load resonance frequency
- fr : Resonance frequency
- R1 : Motional resistance
- C1 : Motional capacitance
- Co : Shunt capacitance
- CL : Load Capacitance

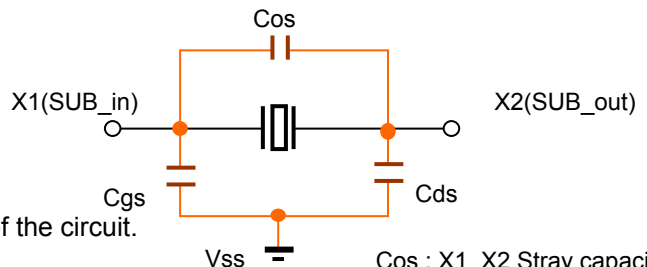
Figure 3 Equivalent circuit of crystal unit, and CL

Remark ( see figure 4 )

Approximate formula of the load capacitance of the circuit CL.

$$CL = C_g \times C_d / ( C_g + C_d ) + C_s \text{ ( pF )}$$

Where Cs(=2 to 4pF) Stands for stray capacitance of the circuit.



- Cos : X1\_X2 Stray capacitance
- Cgs : X1\_Vss Stray capacitance
- Cds : X2\_Vss Stray capacitance

Figure 4 Stray capacitance Cos,Cgs,Cds of the circuit

Resonator circuit constants will differ depending on the resonator element, stray capacitance in its interconnecting circuit, and other factors. Suitable constants should be determined in consultation with the resonator element manufacturer.

Evaluation of Subsystem Clock Oscillation Circuit

VT-200 6.0pF with uPD70F3738GC-32BT [LQFP(14x14) 0.50mm pitch]

Measurement conditions : Vdd=(1.4V) to 3.6V at 25°C



Referential Data : Voltage characteristics

